

# Workshop on Validating the Code of Practice for Contingency and Response Plans in the Mining Industry of Guyana

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#### <u>Agenda</u>

- 1- Word of welcome and opening remarks
- 2- Presentation of the Code
- 3- Instructions on workshop's methodology
- 4- Work in small groups
- **5- Plenary session**
- 6- Closing remarks

#### Purpose of the Workshop

#### **Purpose:**

To comment, enrich, improve, and adapt the draft Code of Practice to ensure its applicability to Guyana's mining sector.

This is <u>YOUR</u> task to provide the inputs for turning this document into a genuine Code of Practice.

#### Major challenges

- To make it truly amenable to small and medium-scale mining
- To keep it simple
- To keep it concise and...

to enforce it !!!

#### **Introduction**

GGMC is required by mining regulations to publish Environmental Codes of Practice. These Codes of Practice were prepared by SNC-Lavalin with GGMC's input.

This workshop is intended to validate with the stakeholders the draft Code of Practice for Contingency and Response Plans in Guyana's small and medium-scale mining.

## A reminder of basic definitions

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## What is a Code of Practice?

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#### **Code of Practice:**

A collection of rules and ethical principles, related to a specific field of activity describing the procedures and setting forth standards considered to be Best Practice in the said field of activity.

In large-scale mining, Codes of Practice are usually designed by and for the industry

### What <u>should not</u> be in a Code of Practice:

- Limits of emission
- Toxicity levels

(regulations)

(regulations)

- Technical specifications such as height, speed, depth, strength, etc. / (guidelines)
- Recommendations on changing the law or the regulation

## What should not be in a Code of Practice (cont'd):

- List of materials (guidelines or operation manual)
- Frequency of monitoring (guidelines or operation manual)
- Quantitative appraisals

### What <u>should</u> be in a Code of Practice:

- General principles and orientations
- Statements of intentions
- Qualitative appraisals
- General indications on HOW the objectives will be achieved

## What is a Best Practice?

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#### **Best Practice:**

« The best way of doing things »

Best practice is about preventing or minimizing risks to human health as well as adverse environmental, social and economic impacts.

#### **Sustainable Development:**

Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

Best Practice is one of the principal ways of achieving Sustainable Development...

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What is the difference between an environmental Code of Practice and environmental Guidelines?

#### **Guidelines:**

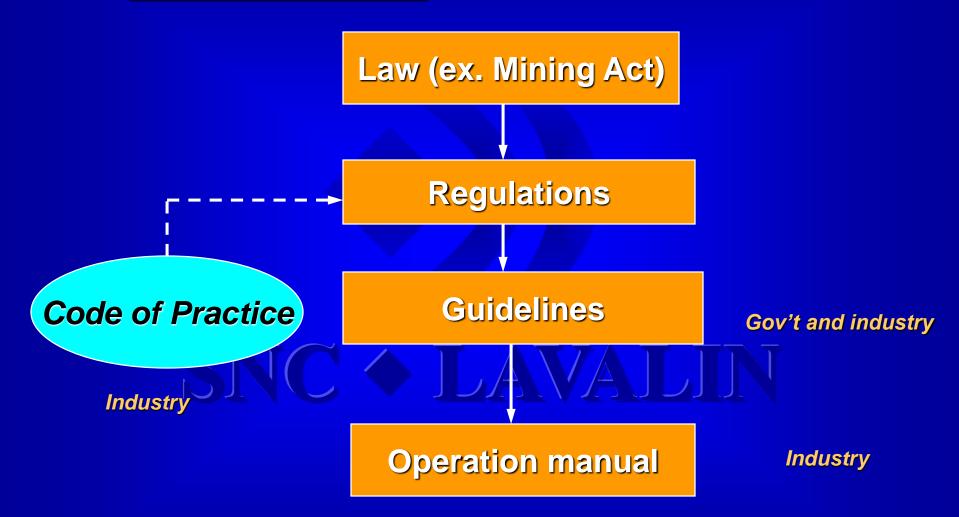
Non-binding document, generally designed to provide the user with information, explanations, guidance and help on a specific topic. It is a commonly used tool in enforcing a new regulation. The user can be the Regulator himself or the industry.

#### **Regulation:**

A type of "delegated legislation" promulgated by a state, federal or local administrative agency given authority to do so by the appropriate legislature. Regulations generally are very specific in nature, they are also referred to as "rules" or simply "administrative law".

Regulations are official rules and must be followed.

#### To summarize:



#### Framework of a Code of Practice

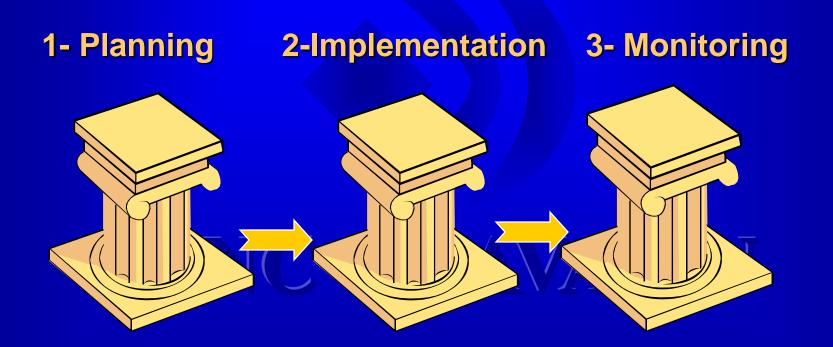
- 1. Preamble or foreword (why)
- 2. Glossary of terms
- 3. Mission and objectives (what)
- 4. Scope
- 5. Commitments and standards of practice (how)
- 6. Code implementation (how)
- 7. References

#### Principle underlying the Codes

The « Peter the Sixth Principle »:

Prior Planning and
Preparation Prevents Poor
Performance

#### **The Codes' Pillars**



## Planning SNC > JLAWAJLIN

# Planning SNC & LAVALIN

# Planning SINC FAVAILIN

Design, Preparation

**Planning** 

Construction
(dam, settling pond, dump,etc.)

Operation (mine,tailings dam, settling pond, dump, ore,etc.)

*Implementation* 

<u>Decommissionning</u> (mine, mercury,tailings dam, settling ponds,etc.)

Follow up, control surveillance

**Monitoring** 

#### **Code's mission statement**

Prevent loss of life or damage to health and social well-being, avoid property damage, and ensure environmental safety in local community

#### Code's objectives

- 1. Provide information to the concerned members of a community on the hazards involved in mining operations in its neighborhood, and on the measures taken to reduce risk;
- 2. Increase local industry involvement in community awareness and emergency response planning;
- 3. Review, update or establish emergency response plans in the local area;

#### Code's objectives (cont'd)

- 4. Integrate industry emergency plans and local emergency response plans into one overall plan for the community to handle all types of emergencies;
- 5. Involve members of the local community in the development, testing and implementation of the overall emergency response plan

#### **Scope**

Addresses all the step leading to the development of an effective contingency and response plan

#### **APELL**

#### Awareness and Preparedness for Emergencies at Local Level

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### Structure of the CoP on Contingency and Response Plans

#### Five (5) topics:

- 1. Defining the local community
- 2. Raising awareness
- 3. Forming a Coordinating Group
- 4. Developing the APELL
- 5. Communication and Testing

## Principles and standards of practice (Section 5)

They explain in general terms how we intend to achieve the different objectives set out in the Code's mission for each of the 5 topics

#### <u>Implementation (Section 6)</u>

This section is meant to provide more specific and technical information on how to achieve the objectives. In other words, it details the Standards of Practice

#### Instructions on Methodology

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#### **Plenary session**

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